

EXCLUSIVE NEW EVIDENCE

Oswald Could Not Have Killed JFK

... And Top-Secret Govt. Documents Prove Accused Assassin Had Been on CIA Payroll

Just one day before the House assassinations committee was scheduled to fold on March 31, its life was extended by nearly two years — because of new leads uncovered in the death of John F. Kennedy. The committee, which was set up by Congress to investigate the murders of President Kennedy and Martin Luther King, heard testimony that Texas oilmen were behind Kennedy's assassination. And a letter reportedly written by Lee Harvey Oswald was released by a retired

Texas newspaper editor. The letter — dated two weeks before Kennedy's death — was addressed to a "Mr. Hunt" and asked to "discuss the matter fully before any steps are taken by me or anyone else." The new evidence — and the mystery-shrouded suicide of Lee Harvey Oswald's friend George de Mohrenschildt about two hours after a House investigator called to see him — triggered a massive ENQUIRER probe. The accompanying articles reveal what we learned.



DISCLOSURES by George de Mohrenschildt (left) show Oswald (right) didn't shoot JFK.

New evidence uncovered by The ENQUIRER reveals that Lee Harvey Oswald could not have killed President John F. Kennedy.

At the very moment JFK was shot, Oswald and a friend — George de Mohrenschildt — were standing on a downtown Dallas street watching the motorcade pass, de Mohrenschildt told a hospital roommate last December.

De Mohrenschildt said Oswald ran from the scene and he never saw Oswald again. He also said that Oswald was once offered money by a CIA agent to kill Kennedy — but rejected the offer.

De Mohrenschildt made these disclosures to roommate Clifford Wilson in Dallas — but before the House assassinations committee got a chance to hear them, de Mohrenschildt was found shot to death.

The ENQUIRER has also uncovered another startling aspect of the Kennedy assassination case.

Top secret government documents — kept locked away until only days ago — reveal that Lee Harvey Oswald worked for the CIA.

These documents, now in The ENQUIRER's possession, prove Oswald was on the CIA's payroll three years before JFK's assassination — a fact that top CIA officials have vigorously denied, even under oath.

De Mohrenschildt's death came on March 29 in Manalapan, Fla. A local coroner's inquest ruled it a suicide. Last year de Mohrenschildt, a Dallas geologist, had tried to kill himself four times, and had spent the last weeks of the year in Dallas' Parkland Hospital.

At the hospital, de Mohrenschildt became friendly with Wilson, a manual laborer . . . and over a period of 11 days in December, de Mohrenschildt confided to Wilson that Oswald could not have assassinated JFK.

"He said to me: 'I know damn well Oswald didn't kill Kennedy — because Oswald and I were together at the time,'" Wilson told The ENQUIRER in an exclusive interview.

"De Mohrenschildt said that at the time Kennedy was killed, he and Oswald were both in downtown Dallas. They had come there to see Kennedy, just like the other people.

"He said that when the shots were fired, Oswald ran and he never saw him again. De Mohrenschildt stayed there and watched what was happening."

Added Wilson: "De Mohrenschildt told me he and Oswald had been very good friends for a long time.

"He also said Oswald had once been offered money by a CIA agent to kill Kennedy — but that he had turned it down."

Wilson gave the agent's name to The ENQUIRER, but it is being withheld



TOP PROBERS of JFK assassination, Alan J. Weberman (left) and Robert Sibley uncovered amazing government documents.

INCREDIBLE DOCUMENT reveals a "201" file was kept by the CIA on Lee Harvey Oswald. They are CIA employees, according to former CIA

because he is still active in the CIA. De Mohrenschildt felt that the agent arranged Oswald's murder because he feared Oswald might talk about the JFK murder contract he'd been offered, Wilson told The ENQUIRER.

Wilson, who shared a room with de Mohrenschildt at Parkland, said de Mohrenschildt was a frightened and deeply troubled man — fearing that he, like Oswald, was going to be murdered. "He was scared for his life. He said so a couple of times," said Wilson, married and the father of two children.

"He told me: 'Because I was a friend of Oswald, and I know what I just got through telling you, I'm going to wind up dying.'"

De Mohrenschildt said his fear had been triggered by the fact that the CIA had begun harassing him in mid-1964, Wilson said.

"De Mohrenschildt said he was visited at home — and told he was being watched — by the agent who'd offered money to Oswald," recalled the laborer. "After that, he was bothered by the CIA.

"He said he couldn't go anywhere or do anything without one of them following him.

"He said he couldn't even go home from the hospital for two days without them bugging him, calling him up and threatening him.

"De Mohrenschildt said he and his wife couldn't take a walk without being followed.

"He often told me: 'They'll wind up getting me.' Most of the time he men-

tioned that the agent would wind up getting him."

De Mohrenschildt revealed that just after his last suicide attempt, the agent called him and said: "You almost did the job for us, but it looks like we're gonna have to do it ourselves," Wilson recalled.

"He said that next time they would do it right — that he was going to be killed, and that they would make it look like suicide."

De Mohrenschildt's fears — and his depression — seemed to grow as the days passed.

On one occasion he broke down and cried for days, Wilson said.

Finally, de Mohrenschildt confided to Wilson exactly why the CIA was out to get him.

"He said to me: 'I'll tell you why they're bugging me . . . the Kennedy assassination investigation has been opened again, and they're afraid I'm going to be called back up on that thing — and this time I'll talk.'"

Wilson said de Mohrenschildt was released one day before he himself went home.

Three months later de Mohrenschildt was found dead in an upstairs bedroom at a close friend's home in Manalapan, Fla.

"When I heard over the news that he was shot, it brought tears to my eyes," said Wilson, 17.

"From what he told me, I know damn well it wasn't suicide."

The ENQUIRER taped Wilson's story and took the tapes to Charles R. Mc-

Quiston, co-developer of the truth-detecting Psychological Stress Evaluator. After an extensive examination of the tapes, McQuiston reported:

"At no point during the interview did my electronic equipment indicate he was lying.

"My conclusion is that he is being truthful."

Dutch journalist Willem Oltmans, who testified before the House assassinations committee in February, March and April, confirmed that the geologist had been running scared in recent months.

And the newsmen, a friend of de Mohrenschildt's since 1963, revealed to The ENQUIRER that de Mohrenschildt admitted he had met Jack Ruby — a fact de Mohrenschildt had denied during testimony before the Warren Commission in 1964.

CIA documents on both de Mohrenschildt and Oswald were obtained through the Freedom of Information Act only last month from CIA headquarters in Langley, Va., by Alan J. Weberman and Robert Sibley — two top investigators who have devoted years to probing the JFK assassination.

These documents reveal there is a "201" file on Oswald.

The very existence of this file — the standard personnel file for paid CIA employees — conclusively shows that he worked for the agency, three CIA veterans confirmed.

"The fact that Oswald had one (a 201 file) is absolutely fantastic!" said former CIA man Bradley E. Ayers, who once trained anti-Castro Cubans.

Ayers said it meant Oswald was "either a contract agent, working for them full time, or he was on some kind of assignment for the CIA."

Former CIA agent Patrick McGarvey was equally astounded when told of Oswald's 201 file.

"You've got a bombshell, man! You've got the one that cracks the egg," McGarvey told The ENQUIRER. "If a guy has a 201 file, that means he's a professional staff employee of the organization."

Victor Marchetti, former executive assistant to the deputy director of the CIA, agreed.

"Basically, if Oswald had a 201 file, he was an agent," he said.

In an exclusive ENQUIRER interview, investigator Weberman revealed how the CIA had hidden the fact that Oswald worked for the agency:

"The CIA never told the Warren Commission that a 201 file existed on Oswald.

"Instead they claimed their file was a routine file on a suspected Communist agent.

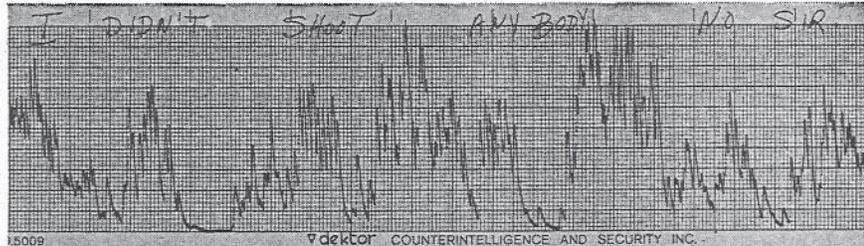
"This file offers conclusive proof that Oswald was not just a 'weak, pathetic loner,' as the Warren Commission concluded — but was in actual fact a CIA operative."

The Commission, in fact, was never told of Oswald's work with the agency. CIA Director John McCone told the panel under oath that Oswald "was never associated or connected, directly or indirectly, in any way whatsoever, with



the agency." Deputy Director Richard Helms issued similar denials. Investigators Weberman and Sibley also obtained CIA documents which show that Oswald's friend, George de Mohrenschildt, also had links with the agency. One document reveals that after a trip behind the Iron Curtain to Yugoslavia in 1957, de Mohrenschildt was extensively debriefed by a CIA agent. "It seems clear to me that this new evidence on Oswald and de Mohrenschildt proves there's a conspiracy," said investigator Weberman. "And I'm confident that in the next few months this whole thing will be blown wide open."

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READOUT of Lee Harvey Oswald's voice on PSE shows he told truth in saying he didn't shoot JFK.

Analysis of Voices Using Psychological Stress Evaluator Shows . . .
Oswald Told the Truth—He Did Not Kill JFK
. . . But Justice Warren Lied When He Said He'd Found No Evidence of a Conspiracy

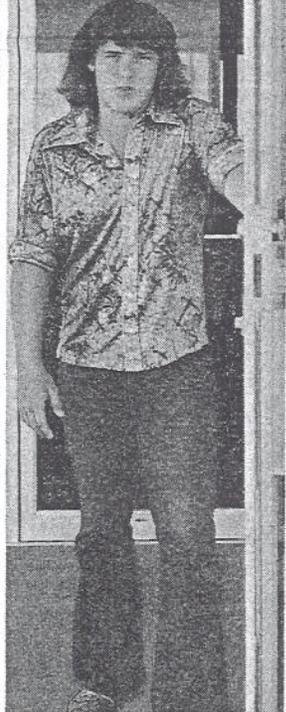
Lee Harvey Oswald was telling the absolute truth when he said he did not kill President Kennedy. And the late Chief Justice Earl Warren lied when he said he'd found no evidence of a conspiracy in the President's death. Warren headed the commission that concluded JFK was killed by a lone assassin. Those are the bombshell discoveries of the truth-detecting Psychological Stress Evaluator (PSE), which tested statements made by both men. The PSE is so reliable that its results are accepted as court evidence in eight states. "Oswald told the truth when he denied that he was responsible for killing President Kennedy," declared Charles R. McQuiston, co-developer of the PSE.

McQuiston analyzed the statements Oswald made during a madhouse press conference only hours after the President's death. A newsmen shouted to the suspect, "Did you shoot the President?" "No! No!" Oswald quickly responded. Noted McQuiston, "The situation was very emotional, very stressful. In all his statements, Oswald shows what could be considered normal situational stress in his voice patterns. "But when he replies 'No! No!' to the question, his situational stress level drops. That's impossible if he were lying." Another reporter asked Oswald if he'd shot the President. "I didn't shoot anybody, no sir," he replied. "This time he shows no stress at all," said McQuiston, "I have to conclude that he believed what he said."

The PSE also tested statements made by Earl Warren while he was visiting Brandeis University in 1972. He told an interviewer there were theories that Nikita Khrushchev and Fidel Castro — or possibly right-wing Texas oilmen — were behind the assassination. "We explored both of these theories for 10 months, and found no evidence that either of them were involved in it," Warren stated. McQuiston observed, "The PSE shows hard stress on this statement, particularly on the words 'and found no evidence.' Obviously, there was some evidence. Perhaps it was something that was not properly pursued." Warren said he was aware of severe criticism of the commission's finding after the report was issued in 1964, but added, "I have found nothing since that time (1964, when the commission's report came out) to change my view."

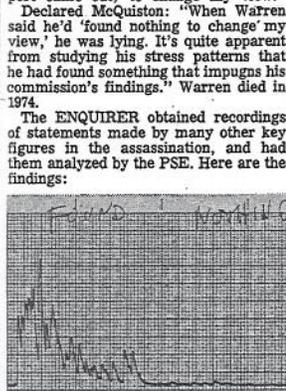


CHIEF JUSTICE WARREN was aware before his death in 1974 of criticism of commission's report.



ROOMMATE: Clifford Wilson heard startling admissions in hospital from George de Mohrenschildt.

Declared McQuiston: "When Warren said he'd 'found nothing to change my view,' he was lying. It's quite apparent from studying his stress patterns that he had found something that impugns his commission's findings." Warren died in 1974. The ENQUIRER obtained recordings of statements made by many other key figures in the assassination, and had them analyzed by the PSE. Here are the findings:



VOICE of Chief Justice Warren on readout of PSE shows he lied in claiming he'd found nothing to change his view of the commission's official findings on the assassination.

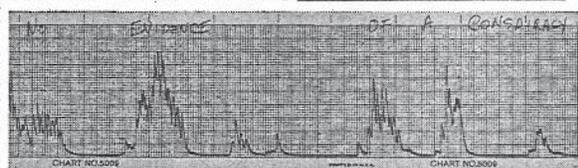
McQuiston noted that Ruby "showed extreme stress and was definitely lying. It appears he was at the police station for the very reason of shooting Oswald." The late President Lyndon Johnson doubted the conclusions of the Warren report, although publicly he expressed his belief in them. In a November 1966 press conference he said, "I know of no evidence that would cause any reasonable person to have a doubt (about the commission's findings)." But, said McQuiston, "He shows extreme stress at the phrase, 'I know of no evidence.' He knew something."

the whole story. He's hedging, and may not be telling the truth. He avoided the questions that were asked — he was evasive." Former Texas Gov. John Connally, wounded at the same time Kennedy was killed, wasn't telling the truth when he said he believed there was no conspiracy. Talking to the press in 1966, Connally stated, "I have never believed there was a plot." McQuiston called the stress pattern on this statement "one of the strongest we've run into in this investigation. He does believe there was a plot."

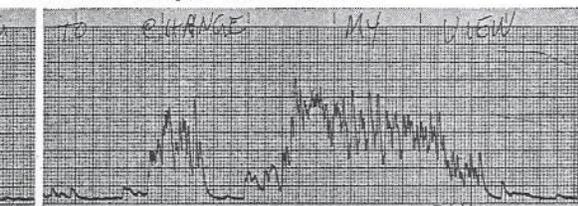
Noted McQuiston, "His voice shows stresses that indicate he's not telling the truth." Former President Gerald Ford was hedging, evasive and may have been lying when he defended the Warren report at a press conference on April 3, 1975. Ford was asked if he still had confidence in the findings of the commission (he was a member of it). "We said the commission had found no evidence of a conspiracy, foreign or domestic," he responded. "Those words were very carefully drafted, and so far I've seen no evidence that would dispute the conclusions to which we came."

Noted McQuiston, "His voice shows stresses that indicate he's not telling the truth."

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EX-PRESIDENT FORD'S readout of PSE shows that he was hedging, evasive and may have been lying when he was asked at press conference if he had confidence in findings of Warren Commission.



Transcript of Astonishing Tape Discloses . . .

Right-Wing Extremist Revealed Blueprint for Assassination 13 Days Before It Happened—And the FBI Knew!

Just 13 days before President John F. Kennedy was gunned down in Dallas, a right-wing extremist revealed details of the assassination with bloodcurdling accuracy.

The shocking plans were secretly recorded by Miami police and given to the FBI — but incredibly they let the potential assassin roam free.

A transcript of the astonishing tape — a blueprint for murder — was obtained by The ENQUIRER.

On it, the late Joseph A. Milteer, who was a member of the White Citizens Council of Atlanta, Ga., reveals in stunning detail how:

• JFK would be assassinated from a tall office building with a high-powered rifle.

• A fall guy would be picked up within hours of the slaying "just to throw the public off."

Miami Circuit Court Judge Seymour Gelber — who provided The ENQUIRER with the tape transcript — was administrative assistant to the Dade County (Fla.) State Attorney when the tape was made in November 1963.

At the time Gelber was using an undercover informant named Willie A. Somersett to infiltrate a group of right-wing extremists.

Gelber recalled: "The crucial tape on the JFK assassination was made in a small downtown Miami hotel where the informer Somersett was living on Nov. 9, 1963 — just 13 days before Dallas.

"A Miami Police Department detective set up a tape recorder with a long playing spool in a broom closet off the kitchen."

Milteer arrived and began discussing future plans with Somersett.

Here — in bone-chilling detail — are astonishing excerpts of their tape-recorded conversation:

SOMERSETT: "I think Kennedy is coming here (Miami) November 18th to make some kind of speech. I don't know what it is, but I imagine it will be on TV."

MILTEER: "You can bet your bottom dollar he is going to have a lot to say about the Cubans, there are so many of them here."

SOMERSETT: "Well, he'll have a thousand bodyguards, don't worry about that."

MILTEER: "The more bodyguards he has, the easier it is to get him."

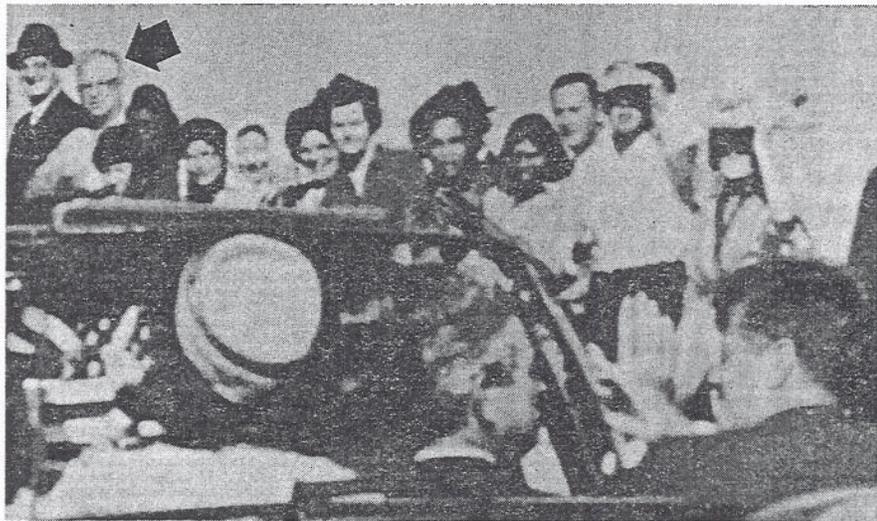
SOMERSETT: "Well, how in the hell do you figure would be the best way to get him?"

MILTEER: "From an office building with a high-powered rifle."

SOMERSETT: "They are really going to try to kill him?"

MILTEER: "Oh, yeah. It is in the working . . . (name deleted for legal rea-

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JFK MOTORCADE rolls through Dallas on fateful day as man (arrow) looking exactly like right-wing activist Joseph A. Milteer. (left) watches the President's car. Just 13 days before, Milteer disclosed — with chilling accuracy — the plot to murder JFK.



sons) is just as likely to get him as anybody. He hasn't said so, but he tried to get Martin Luther King. He followed him for miles and miles and couldn't get close enough to him."

SOMERSETT: "Hitting this Kennedy is going to be a hard proposition. I believe you may have figured out a way to get him, the office building and all that."

"I don't know how them Secret Service agents cover all them office buildings everywhere he is going. Do you know whether they do that or not?"

MILTEER: "Well, if they have any suspicions they do that, of course. But without suspicion, chances are that they wouldn't. You take there in Washington. This is the wrong time of the year. But in pleasant weather, he comes out on the veranda and somebody could be in a hotel room across the way and pick him off just like that."

"You don't have to take a gun up there. You can dis-

semble and take it up in pieces. All those guns come knocked down and you can take them apart."

SOMERSETT: "Boy, if that Kennedy gets shot, we have got to know where we are at. Because you know that will be a real shake, if they do that."

MILTEER: "They wouldn't leave any stone unturned there, no way. They will pick up somebody within hours afterwards, if anything like that would happen, just to throw the public off."

SOMERSETT: "Oh, somebody is going to have to go to jail, if he gets killed."

MILTEER: "Just like that Bruno Hauptmann in the Lindbergh case."

The tape was handed over to the FBI and an official report of the Bureau, dated Nov. 9, 1963, noted:

"Threat to kill President Kennedy by J.A. Milteer, Miami, Florida, Nov. 9, 1963."

After the FBI received the tape, a presidential motorcade scheduled in Miami for November 18 was called off. "But no steps were taken by any authority to arrest Milteer or put him under surveillance," said Gelber.

"On Dec. 4, 1963 — nearly two weeks after the assassination — I heard that the FBI had finally acted. After the fact."

"Somersett called Milteer and found that the FBI had swooped down on Milteer and questioned him as part of a mass roundup of extremists," Gelber said.

Milteer denied to the FBI that he ever threatened the President's life or that he par-

ticipated in his assassination. Remarkably, an astonished Judge Gelber:

"The FBI had Milteer on tape forecasting in detail the assassination — yet they accepted his denial without question and let him go."

Gelber kept a diary of his investigation which revealed that shortly after Kennedy's death, police informant Somersett met again with Milteer, and reported on that meeting to Miami Detective Everett Kay on November 25. According to the diary, Somersett told Kay:

"He (Milteer) was very hap-

py over it (the assassination) and shook hands with me. He said, 'Well, I told you so. It happened like I told you, didn't it? It happened from a window with a high-powered rifle.'

"I said, 'That's right. I don't know whether you were guessing or not, but you hit it on the head pretty good.'

"He said, 'Well, that is the way it was supposed to be done, and that is the way it was done.'"

Amazingly, Milteer may have been just a few feet from Kennedy as the President's motorcade swept through Dallas on Nov. 22, 1963, the day of the assassination.

A photograph taken of the motorcade shows a man who looks exactly like Milteer standing in the crowd, revealed investigative reporter Dan Christensen, who's written about the assassination for "Miami" magazine.

Last summer, Christensen made another startling discovery as he searched through an old, abandoned home of Milteer in Quitman, Ga. Christensen found a bankbook belonging to the extremist which showed that in the 3½ months before the assassination three large deposits were made — totaling \$12,000 — and withdrawn shortly after the killing.

Christensen also learned that Milteer died under mysterious circumstances.

Milteer, according to his death certificate, suffered fatal burns when a Coleman



JUDGE Seymour Gelber was with Dade County (Fla.) State Attorney's office in November 1963 when he heard tape that revealed plans of JFK's slaying.

Continued on Next Page

Extremist

(Continued from preceding page)
stove in his bathroom exploded on Feb. 9, 1974. He died

There is one final chilling

With the Death This Month of Former Cuban President . . . At Least 21 People Linked to the Assassination Have Died Mysteriously

When former Cuban president Carlos Prio Socarras sent a fatal bullet crashing into his chest April 5, he became the latest name added to an astonishingly long list of people who died mysteriously — and often violently — after being linked to the assassination of John F. Kennedy.

Since that fateful day more than 13 years ago, at least 21 men and women who knew something or somebody connected with JFK's murder have died under strange circumstances. In almost every case they died either by murder or suicide.

The macabre list of deaths grew bigger when Prio committed suicide. His death has brought renewed interest into an FBI document that had been shelved with thousands of other assassination-related files in the National Archives.

Ten days after the assassination, FBI agent Daniel Doyle wrote a report quoting a reliable FBI informant that Prio was actually a one-time business associate of Jack Ruby, the nightclub owner who killed assassin Lee Harvey Oswald.

The report said that Ruby once purchased a share in a Havana casino in which Prio was the principal owner. In the mid-1950s both Ruby, known as Jack Rubenstein, and Prio were active in arranging flights of weapons to the Castro guerrillas in Cuba while Prio was financing the supply of arms to pro-Castro forces.

Assassination investigator Alan Weberman told The ENQUIRER: "Prio supported Cas-

two weeks later, but no autopsy was performed and the local mortician, who saw the body, said the burns were not severe enough to have caused death.

There is one final chilling

twist. Judge Gelber told The ENQUIRER: "The Dade County State Attorney's files on the JFK assassination disappeared some time between 1971 and 1976. I last saw them — they consist-

ed of thousands of pages of transcripts and documents — in 1971.

"I was the person who gave permission for their movement or for people to examine them. No one asked to see

them until 1976. I called the North Miami warehouse where they were stored and asked for them. An extensive search was launched — but nothing was found. They're gone and no one knows where."



LATEST DEATH linked to the JFK murder is former Cuban president Carlos Prio Socarras.

tro who promised to make him president again. But Castro double-crossed him and Prio . . . was very active in arranging the Bay of Pigs plot to take Cuba back by force."

Prio died violently, like so many others directly or indirectly connected with JFK's murder. The mysterious deaths of persons involved with the Kennedy assassination were:

LEE HARVEY OSWALD
Murdered Nov. 24, 1963
Millions of television viewers looked on in horror as the suspected assassin — who could have provided so many much needed answers — was gunned down by Jack Ruby in the basement of the Texas School Depository, two days after JFK was killed.

JACK ZANGETTI
Found murdered December 1963
The day before Oswald was shot, Zangetti, manager of a motel complex in Miami, told some friends: "Three men — not Oswald — killed President Kennedy, and one named Jack Ruby will kill Oswald tomorrow and in a few days a member of the Frank Sinatra family will be kidnaped to take some of the attention away from the assassination." This conversation was confirmed by assassination researcher Penn Jones Jr., Zangetti was dead right. On December 3, about two weeks after Ruby shot Oswald, Frank Sinatra Jr. was kidnaped, and later released unharmed. Two weeks after the prophetic conversation, Zangetti was found dead in Lake Lugert, Oklahoma, with bullet holes in his chest.

BETTY MOONEY McDONALD
Committed suicide February 1964
A former stripper in Jack Ruby's Carousel Club, Betty had been to a party attended by Oswald. Betty had provided an alibi for a man accused of shooting and wounding Warren Reynolds, a witness to the Kennedy assassination. A week after talking to the police, she was arrested for fighting with her roommate. An hour later she was dead, she was found hanging in her cell.

HANK KILLAM
Found dead March 17, 1964
Killam, husband of Wanda Killam who was also a stripper for Ruby, was associated not only with Ruby but with John Carter who lived in the same rooming house as Oswald. After the assassination, Killam moved from state to state to avoid questioning by federal agents. Four months after JFK's murder, Killam was found dead on a Pensacola, Fla., street — his throat was slashed.

BILL HUNTER
Killed April 1964
Hunter, 35, an award-winning newsmen with the Long Beach Press-Telegram in Long Beach, Calif., had met with Ruby's attorney Tom Howard at Ruby's apartment only hours after Ruby shot Oswald. Five months later Hunter was shot to death by a policeman in the Long Beach police station. The policeman said he dropped his gun and it accidentally fired when he picked it up. The bullet went through Hunter's heart.

GARY UNDERHILL
Found dead May 8, 1964
Underhill, a former military affairs editor of Life magazine, and a CIA agent, "begged his friends to keep him out of sight" after the assassination.

claimed Penn Jones Jr. "Almost out of his mind, he told his friends that he knew who killed President Kennedy and he was sure 'they' would soon get him." According to Jones, Underhill said the CIA had killed Kennedy because it was unhappy about JFK's snooping into its affairs. On May 8, 1964, in Washington, D.C., Underhill died of gunshot wounds to the head. Authorities ruled it suicide — even though he was right-handed and he was shot through the left side of the head.

JIM KOETHE
Murdered Sept. 21, 1964
A Dallas Times Herald reporter, Koethe, 30, had also met with Ruby's attorney the same time as Hunter did. Ten months later Koethe was killed by a karate chop to the throat as he emerged from a shower in his apartment. His killer was never found.

TOM HOWARD
Died March 1965
Howard, Ruby's attorney, died of a heart attack in Dallas. "He was seen acting strangely two days before his death and no autopsy was performed," said Penn Jones.

ROSS CHERAM
Killed Sept. 4, 1965
Two days before the JFK murder, Rose, a stripper for Ruby, had told hospital psychiatrist Dr. Victor Weiss that the President was going to be killed. The doctor put it down to the ravings of a heroin addict — until the assassination. Cheram then told police she had seen Oswald in Ruby's club many times. Nearly two years later, a hit-and-run car struck Rose, crushing her skull, near Big Sandy Texas.

DOROTHY KILGALLEN
Found dead March 1965
During Jack Ruby's trial for murdering Oswald, columnist Dorothy Kilgallen had a 30-minute private interview with



CLAY SHAW: Acquitted of conspiring to kill JFK, he died in 1974 — but exact cause of his death was never established.

Billionaire Named in the Plot Was Taken Into Custody by Federal Agents on Day of JFK Slaying
Billionaire Texan H.L. Hunt — recently named as a major figure in the conspiracy to kill JFK — was actually taken into custody by federal agents on the day of Kennedy's assassination, The ENQUIRER has learned.

However, Hunt was detained not as a suspected conspirator — but for his own protection, according to reporter Brian Hitchen, who interviewed Hunt for the London Daily Mirror.

"Hunt said the agents told him a lot of people believed he had something to do with the assassination, and that they wanted to take him and his wife away," said Hitchen, who interviewed the oilman in Dallas on March 18, 1968. Hunt



JACK RUBY: After his death from cancer, attorneys charged Dallas authorities with negligence.

Ruby in the judge's chambers. She never published what was said. Dorothy told her makeup man she was going to "break the Kennedy assassination wide open within five days." Three days later Dorothy was found dead in her New York apartment. Medical experts never determined the exact circumstances surrounding her death — there were no signs of violence or suicide — but they did discover a combination of alcohol and barbiturates.

Found dead Oct. 29, 1966
For three years U.S. Navy Lt. William Pitzer kept the secret of the autopsy of President Kennedy. Pitzer had photographed the autopsy at Bethesda Naval Hospital in Bethesda, Md., outside Washington, D.C., and was instructed never to reveal what he saw. In the fall of 1966 he retired from the Navy after 28 years and took a \$45,000 a year job with a network TV station. Less than a month later, Pitzer was found dead with a bullet in his head. A gun was found in his right hand.

JACK RUBY
Died Jan. 3, 1967
Cancer claimed the life of this major figure in the JFK assassination investigation. The next day his attorneys charged negligence by Dallas authorities who had custody of their client. They said officials ignored Ruby's vomiting and complaints that he was ill.

DAVID FERRIE
Died Feb. 21, 1967
Ferrie was a CIA contract pilot who had flown into Cuba on secret missions. In early 1967 New Orleans District Attorney Jim Garrison — convinced Ferrie was part of the conspiracy that killed JFK — questioned the CIA pilot on the theory that Ferrie had flown the real murderers out of Dallas immediately after the assassination. A month after he was questioned and released, Ferrie was found dead in his

apartment with an unsigned suicide note. Coroner Dr. Nicholas Chetta ruled suicide claiming that a ruptured blood vessel had caused a massive brain hemorrhage. But the coroner never explained how Ferrie could have induced such a hemorrhage.

ELADIO DEL VALLE
Murdered Feb. 21, 1967
On the same day as Ferrie's death, his close friend Eladio Del Valle, a wealthy exiled Cuban, was murdered. Del Valle, who had flown with Ferrie on many secret missions to Cuba, was found in a Miami parking lot — with a bullet wound in his neck.

DR. MARY SHERMAN
Murdered June 1967
Another of Ferrie's friends, Dr. Mary Sherman was shot to death in New Orleans. Her killer then burned her body.

DR. NICHOLAS CHETTA
Died May 1968
In a macabre twist of fate, the coroner himself who performed autopsies on both Ferrie and Dr. Sherman, died of a heart attack.

CLYDE JOHNSON
Murdered July 1969
Johnson, 37 — who had attended parties with Ferrie, Ruby and Oswald — was slated to testify at the New Orleans conspiracy trial against Dr. Mary Sherman. Johnson never appeared. He was beaten up so severely he had to be hospitalized. Then five months later he was shot to death near Greensburg, La.

JOSEPH A. MILTEER
Died Feb. 22, 1974
Milteer, a fighting extremist, was secretly faked by Miami police as he detailed with terrifying accuracy how JFK would be killed 13 days before the assassination. After Kennedy's death, the FBI briefly questioned, then released Milteer. On Feb. 9, 1974, a Coleman stove blew up in his bathroom. Two weeks later Milteer died of burns he suffered in the fire, according to the death certificate, but no autopsy was performed — and the burns were not severe enough to have caused death, according to a mortician who saw the body.

CLAY SHAW
Died Aug. 15, 1974
Shaw, a wealthy businessman, was tried by Garrison and acquitted of conspiring to kill Kennedy. In January 1974, former CIA executive Victor Marchetti revealed that a CIA executive instructed an agent to give Shaw the help he needed during the Garrison investigation. Several months after this revelation Shaw was found dead in his home. The exact cause of death was never established because his body was embalmed too quickly.

GEORGE DE MOHRENSCHLIDT
Committed suicide March 29, 1977
De Mohrenschildt, 65, shot himself to death in Montepulciano, Fla., only hours after learning that an investigator for the House assassinations committee wanted to interview him. De Mohrenschildt once testified before the Warren Commission that he had been a close friend of Oswald.

CARLOS PRIO SOCARRAS
Committed suicide April 5, 1977
Exactly a week after De Mohrenschildt took his life, Carlos Prio also committed suicide, becoming the latest name in the assassination death list — a list that may never stop growing.



TEXAS OILMAN: H.L. Hunt was detained by federal agents — for his own protection — on day President Kennedy was slain.

Huge Enquirer Team Worked on Special
This week's ENQUIRER special on the Kennedy Assassination involved 40 editors, reporters, photographers and researchers working as a coordinated team. These are the people responsible:

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